

Man, machine, molecules: A journey from face recognition to drug discovery

Prof. Dr. Paul Czodrowski



www.czodrowskilab.org



twitter.com/czodrowskipaul



www.czodrowskilab.org/music



github.com/czodrowskilab



Drug discovery



JOURNAL OF
**CHEMICAL INFORMATION
AND MODELING**

OCEAN: Optimized Cross rEActivity estimatioN

Paul Czodrowski* and Wolf-Guido Bolick

JOURNAL OF
**CHEMICAL INFORMATION
AND MODELING**

hERG Me Out

Paul Czodrowski

Journal of
**Medicinal
Chemistry**

ISSUE
pubs.acs.org/jmc

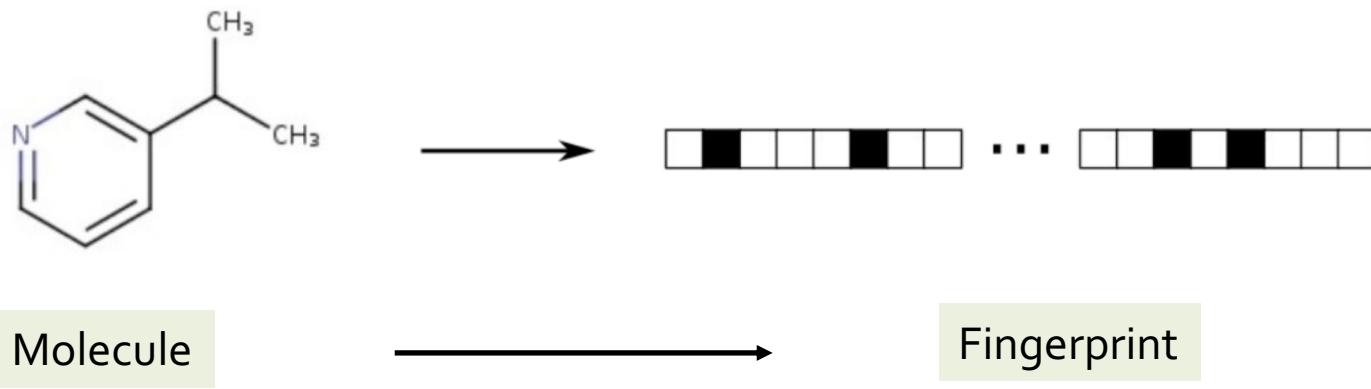
Selection of Fragments for Kinase Inhibitor Design: Decoration Is Key

Paul Czodrowski,* Günter Hölzemann, Gerhard Barnickel, Hartmut Greiner, and Djordje Musil*

 **dhd** drug discovery
hub dortmund

Computer-readability of molecules

Idea: Apply a transform to a molecule to generate a bit vector



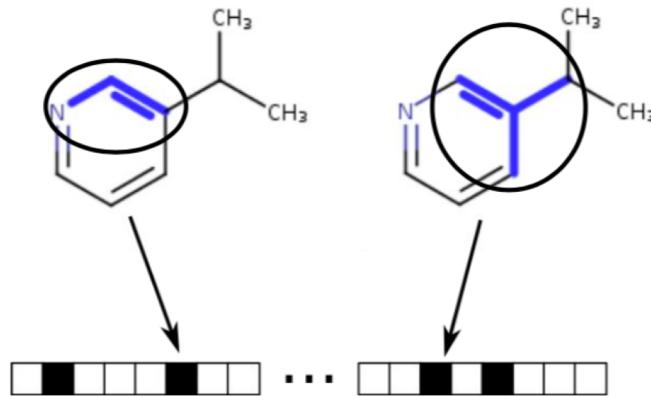
A typical **fingerprinting algorithm** can be generalized as

- extract features of the molecule
- Hash the features (= convert them to a number in a unique way)
- Use the hash to determine which bits should be set

Default fingerprint size is **4.096 bits**

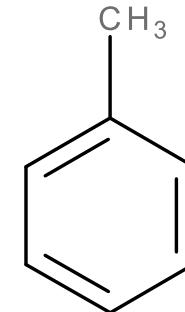
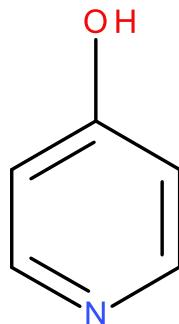
Fingerprint similarity == Molecule similarity?

- Each fingerprint bit corresponds to a fragment of the molecule



- Assumption: molecules that are similar have a lot of fragments in common
- No “right” answer for defining similarity

Computer scientist's guide to chemical similarity



1	0	1	1	Compound A
---	---	---	---	------------

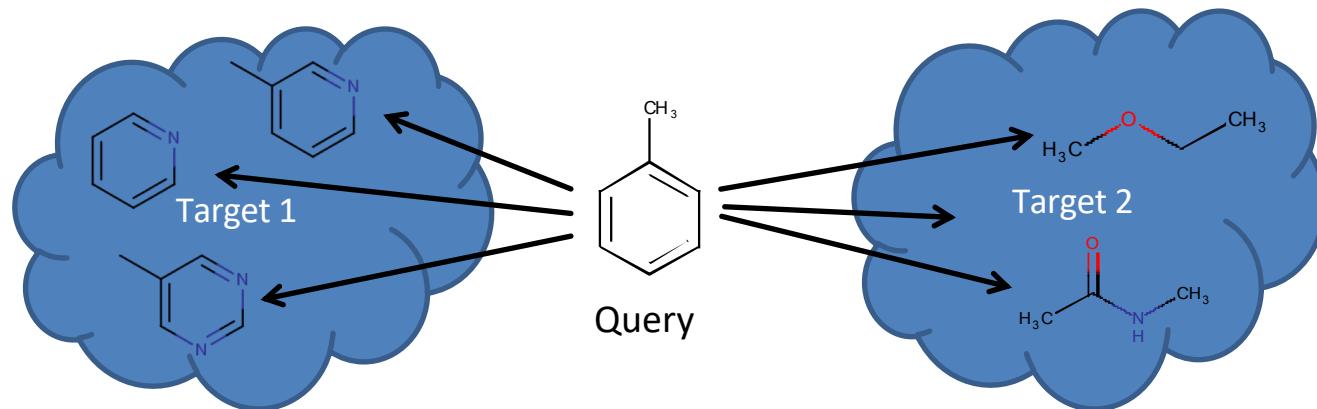
1	1	0	1	Compound B
---	---	---	---	------------

1	0	0	1	Bits set in A & B
---	---	---	---	-------------------

1	1	1	1	Bits set in A or B
---	---	---	---	--------------------

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Tanimoto Similarity} &= (\# \text{ bits set in A \& B}) / (\# \text{ bits set in A or B}) \\ &= 2/4 = 0.5\end{aligned}$$

What is OCEAN?



TC:	0.7			
	0.6			
	0.4	z-Score	p-Value	e-Value
Σ	1.7	\rightarrow 2.5	\rightarrow 0.01	\rightarrow <u>0.02</u>

T1:				TC:	0.6
T2:					0.4
e-Value	\leftarrow	p-Value	\leftarrow	z-Score	\leftarrow
<u>0.22</u>	\leftarrow	0.11	\leftarrow	1.2	\leftarrow
				Σ	1.3

Prediction of biological target profile

Heuristics approach to chemical similarity

1,885 drugs on the market
extracted from ChEMBL17

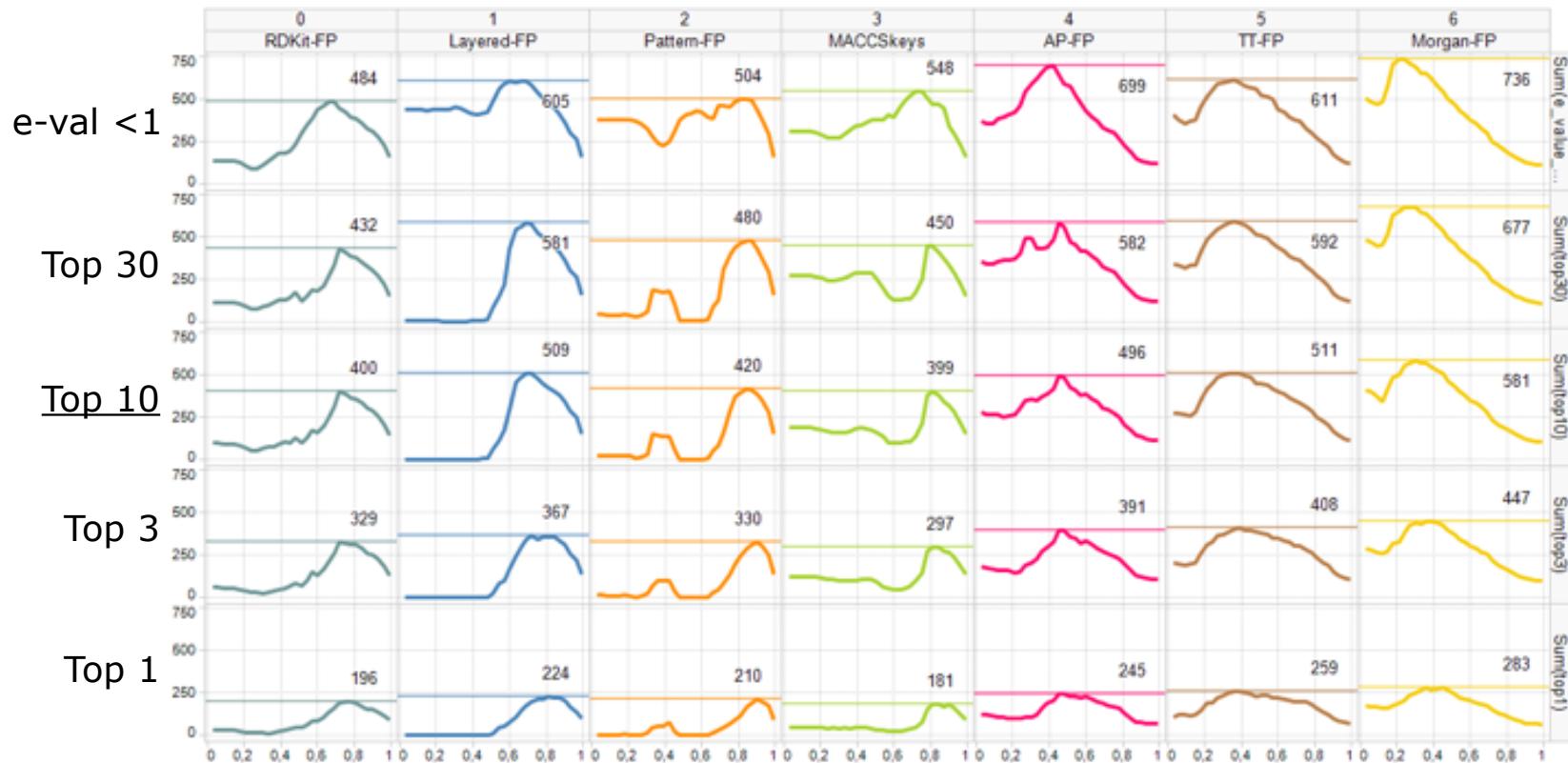
no Target in
Ocean-DB:

928

Target in Ocean-
DB:

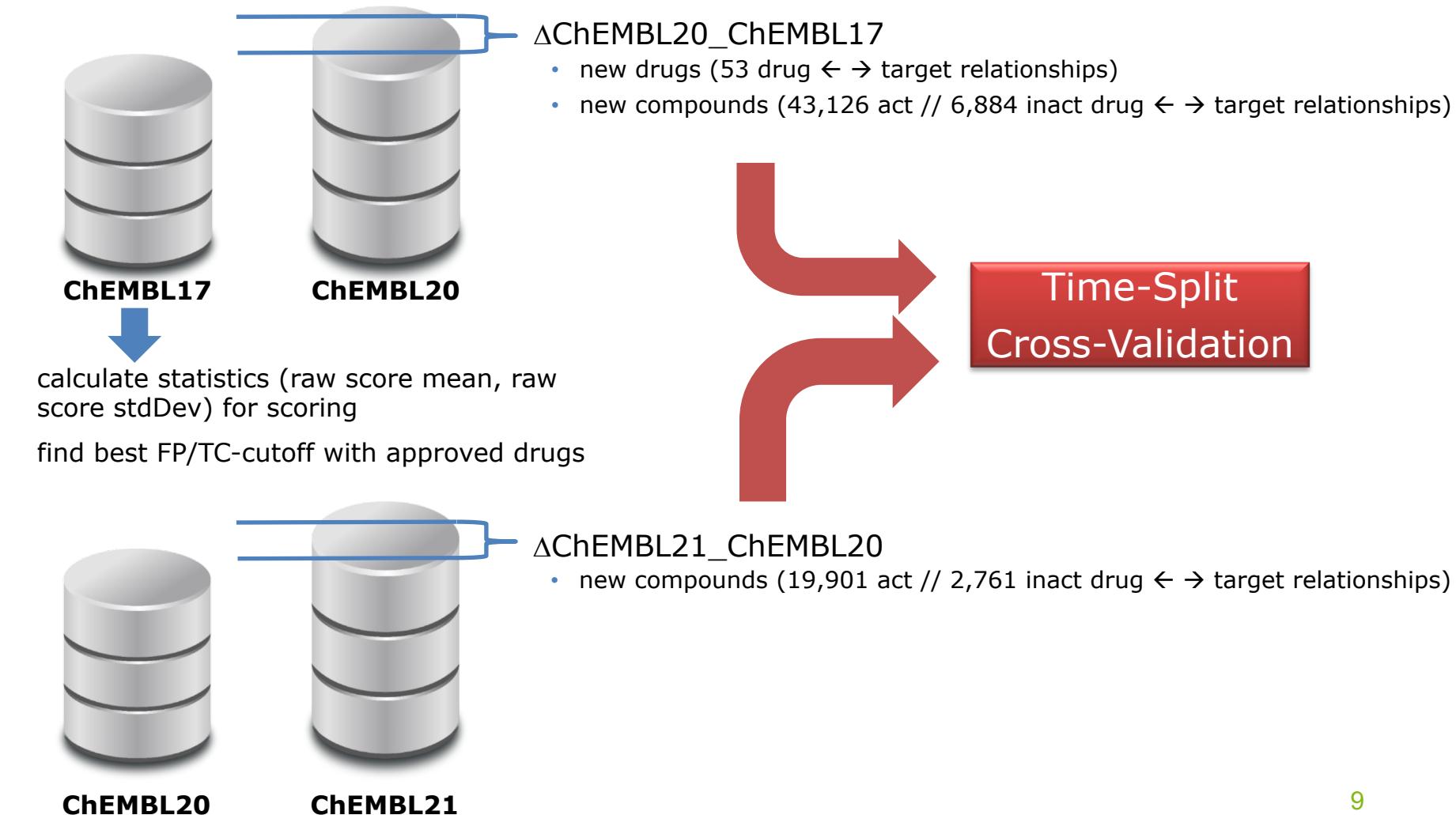
957

Search for the optimal Tanimoto coefficient

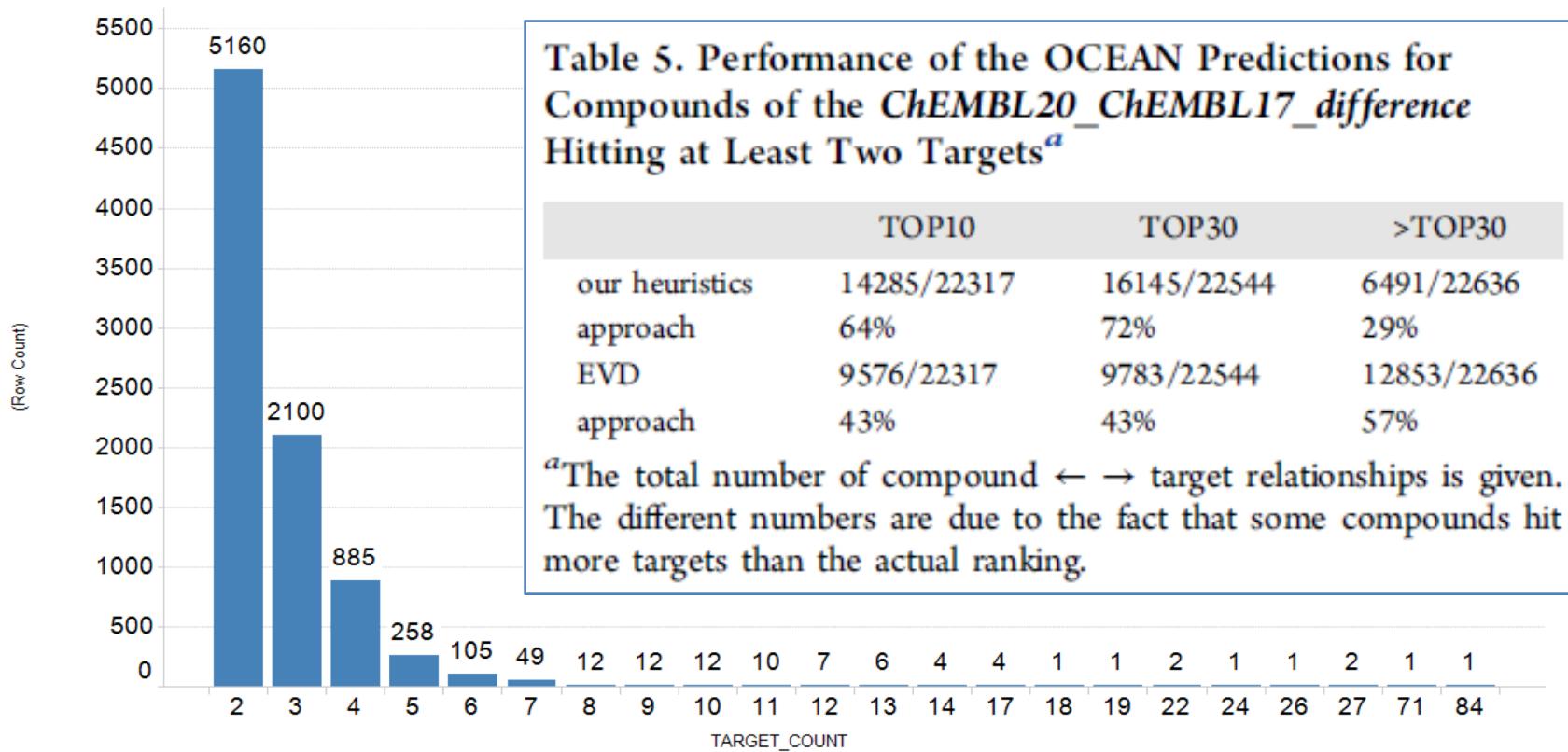


Morgan performs best!

External test set based on time stamp



Polypharmacology Prediction



Distribution of the annotated number of targets per compound in OCEAN-DB (at least, 2 targets hit by one compound) based on ChEMBL20_ChEMBL17 difference.

OCEAN is able to identify multiple hit targets for 64% of all cases in best 10 predicted targets and 72% within best 30 predicted targets

„One more thing“



Teaching Data Science for
Chemistry/Chemical Biology

SoSe

- *Einführung Data Science im Bereich Chemie und Chemische Biologie*
- 2 VL + 1 Ü [komplett von Czodrowski gehalten]

WiSe

- *Deskriptive Statistik*
- 2 VL [Statistik] + 1 Ü [„Python&Chemie-lastig“ durch Czodrowski]

SoSe

- *Statistisches Lernen*
- 4 VL + 2 Ü